

Sample mean: $\bar{X} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{n}$ **Sample variance:** $s^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{X})^2}{n-1} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}{n-1} - \frac{(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i)^2}{n(n-1)}$ **Sample s.d.:** $s = \sqrt{s^2}$

Sample coefficient of variation: $CV = \frac{s}{\bar{X}}$ **Sample covariance:** $s_{xy} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{X})(y_i - \bar{Y})}{n-1} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i}{n-1} - \frac{(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i)(\sum_{i=1}^n y_i)}{n(n-1)}$

Sample interquartile range: $IQR = Q3 - Q1$ **Sample coefficient of correlation:** $r = \frac{s_{xy}}{s_x s_y} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n z_{x_i} z_{y_i}}{n-1}$

Addition rule: $P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$ **Conditional probability:** $P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \text{ and } B)}{P(B)}$

Complement rules: $P(A^C) = P(A') = 1 - P(A)$ $P(A^C|B) = P(A'|B) = 1 - P(A|B)$

Multiplication rule: $P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A|B)P(B) = P(B|A)P(A)$

Expected value: $E[X] = \mu = \sum_{\text{all } x} x p(x)$ **Variance:** $V[X] = E[(X - \mu)^2] = \sigma^2 = \sum_{\text{all } x} (x - \mu)^2 p(x)$

Covariance: $COV[X, Y] = E[(X - \mu_X)(Y - \mu_Y)] = \sigma_{XY} = \sum_{\text{all } x} \sum_{\text{all } y} (x - \mu_X)(y - \mu_Y)p(x, y)$

Laws of expected value:

$$\begin{aligned} E[c] &= c \\ E[X + c] &= E[X] + c \\ E[cX] &= cE[X] \\ E[a + bX + cY] &= a + bE[X] + cE[Y] \end{aligned}$$

Laws of variance:

$$\begin{aligned} V[c] &= 0 \\ V[X + c] &= V[X] \\ V[cX] &= c^2 V[X] \\ V[a + bX + cY] &= b^2 V[X] + c^2 V[Y] + 2bc * COV[X, Y] \\ V[a + bX + cY] &= b^2 V[X] + c^2 V[Y] + 2bc * SD(X) * SD(Y) * \rho \end{aligned}$$

Laws of covariance:

$$\begin{aligned} COV[X, c] &= 0 \\ COV[a + bX, c + dY] &= bd * COV[X, Y] \\ where \rho &= CORRELATION[X, Y] \end{aligned}$$

Combinatorial formula: $C_x^n = \frac{n!}{x!(n-x)!}$ **Binomial probability:** $p(x) = \frac{n!}{x!(n-x)!} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}$ for $x = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n$

If X is Binomial ($X \sim B(n, p)$) then $E[X] = np$ and $V[X] = np(1-p)$

If X is Uniform ($X \sim U[a, b]$) then $f(x) = \frac{1}{b-a}$ and $E[X] = \frac{a+b}{2}$ and $V[X] = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$

Sampling distribution of \bar{X} :

$$\begin{aligned} \mu_{\bar{X}} &= E[\bar{X}] = \mu \\ \sigma_{\bar{X}}^2 &= V[\bar{X}] = \frac{\sigma^2}{n} \\ \sigma_{\bar{X}} &= SD[\bar{X}] = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \end{aligned}$$

Sampling distribution of \hat{P} :

$$\begin{aligned} \mu_{\hat{P}} &= E[\hat{P}] = p \\ \sigma_{\hat{P}}^2 &= V[\hat{P}] = \frac{p(1-p)}{n} \\ \sigma_{\hat{P}} &= SD[\hat{P}] = \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}} \end{aligned}$$

Sampling distribution of $(\hat{P}_2 - \hat{P}_1)$:

$$\begin{aligned} \mu_{\hat{P}_2 - \hat{P}_1} &= E[\hat{P}_2 - \hat{P}_1] = p_2 - p_1 \\ \sigma_{\hat{P}_2 - \hat{P}_1}^2 &= V[\hat{P}_2 - \hat{P}_1] = \frac{p_2(1-p_2)}{n_2} + \frac{p_1(1-p_1)}{n_1} \\ \sigma_{\hat{P}_2 - \hat{P}_1} &= SD[\hat{P}_2 - \hat{P}_1] = \sqrt{\frac{p_2(1-p_2)}{n_2} + \frac{p_1(1-p_1)}{n_1}} \end{aligned}$$

Sampling distribution of $(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2)$, independent samples:

$$\begin{aligned} \mu_{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2} &= E[\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2] = \mu_1 - \mu_2 \\ \sigma_{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}^2 &= V[\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2] = \frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2} \\ \sigma_{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2} &= SD[\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2] = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}} \end{aligned}$$

Sampling distribution of (\bar{X}_d) , paired ($d = X_1 - X_2$):

$$\begin{aligned} \mu_{\bar{X}_d} &= E[\bar{X}_d] = \mu_1 - \mu_2 \\ \sigma_{\bar{X}_d}^2 &= V[\bar{X}_d] = \frac{\sigma_d^2}{n} = \frac{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2 - 2*\rho*\sigma_1*\sigma_2}{n} \\ \sigma_{\bar{X}_d} &= SD[\bar{X}_d] = \frac{\sigma_d}{\sqrt{n}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2 - 2*\rho*\sigma_1*\sigma_2}{n}} \end{aligned}$$

Inference about a population proportion:

$$z \text{ test statistic: } z = \frac{\hat{P} - p_0}{\sqrt{\frac{p_0(1-p_0)}{n}}} \quad \text{CI estimator: } \hat{P} \pm z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{P}(1-\hat{P})}{n}}$$

Inference about comparing two population proportions:

$$\begin{aligned} z \text{ test statistic under Null hypothesis of no difference: } z &= \frac{\hat{P}_2 - \hat{P}_1}{\sqrt{\frac{\hat{P}(1-\hat{P})}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{P}(1-\hat{P})}{n_2}}} & \text{Pooled proportion: } \bar{P} &= \frac{x_1+x_2}{n_1+n_2} \\ \text{CI estimator: } (\hat{P}_2 - \hat{P}_1) &\pm z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{P}_2(1-\hat{P}_2)}{n_2} + \frac{\hat{P}_1(1-\hat{P}_1)}{n_1}} \end{aligned}$$

Inference about the population mean:

$$t \text{ test statistic: } t = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu_0}{s/\sqrt{n}} \quad \text{CI estimator: } \bar{X} \pm t_{\alpha/2} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}} \quad \text{Degrees of freedom: } v = n - 1$$

Inference about a comparing two population means, independent samples, unequal variances:

$$\begin{aligned} t \text{ test statistic: } t &= \frac{(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) - \Delta_0}{\sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}} & \text{CI estimator: } (\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) \pm t_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}} \\ \text{Degrees of freedom: } v &= \frac{\left(\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}\right)^2}{\frac{1}{n_1-1}\left(\frac{s_1^2}{n_1}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{n_2-1}\left(\frac{s_2^2}{n_2}\right)^2} \end{aligned}$$

Inference about a comparing two population means, independent samples, assuming equal variances:

$$\begin{aligned} t \text{ test statistic: } t &= \frac{(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) - \Delta_0}{\sqrt{\frac{s_p^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_p^2}{n_2}}} & \text{CI estimator: } (\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) \pm t_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{s_p^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_p^2}{n_2}} & \text{Degrees of freedom: } v = n_1 + n_2 - 2 \\ \text{Pooled variance: } s_p^2 &= \frac{(n_1-1)s_1^2 + (n_2-1)s_2^2}{n_1+n_2-2} \end{aligned}$$

Inference about a comparing two population means, paired data: (n is number of pairs and $d = X_1 - X_2$)

$$t \text{ test statistic: } t = \frac{\bar{d} - \Delta_0}{s_d/\sqrt{n}} \quad \text{CI estimator: } \bar{X}_d \pm t_{\alpha/2} \frac{s_d}{\sqrt{n}} \quad \text{Degrees of freedom: } v = n - 1$$

SIMPLE REGRESSION:

$$\text{Model: } y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i + \varepsilon_i \quad \text{OLS line: } \hat{y}_i = b_0 + b_1 x_i \quad b_1 = \frac{s_{xy}}{s_x^2} = r \frac{s_y}{s_x} \quad b_0 = \bar{Y} - b_1 \bar{X}$$

$$\text{Coefficient of determination: } R^2 = (r)^2 \quad \text{Residuals: } e_i = y_i - \hat{y}_i$$

$$\text{Standard deviation of residuals: } s_e = \sqrt{\frac{SSE}{n-2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (e_i - 0)^2}{n-2}} \quad \text{Standard error of slope: } s.e.(b_1) = s_{b_1} = \frac{s_e}{\sqrt{(n-1)s_x^2}}$$

Inference about the population slope:

t test statistic: $t = \frac{b_1 - \beta_{10}}{s.e.(b_1)}$ **CI estimator:** $b_1 \pm t_{\alpha/2} s.e.(b_1)$ **Degrees of freedom:** $v = n - 2$

Standard error of slope: $s.e.(b_1) = s_{b_1} = \frac{s_e}{\sqrt{(n-1)s_x^2}}$

Prediction interval for y at given value of $x (x_g)$:

$$\hat{y}_{x_g} \pm t_{\alpha/2} s_e \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{(x_g - \bar{X})^2}{(n-1)s_x^2}} \quad \text{or} \quad \hat{y}_{x_g} \pm t_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{(s.e.(b_1))^2 (x_g - \bar{X})^2 + \frac{s_e^2}{n} + s_e^2}$$

Degrees of freedom: $v = n - 2$

Confidence interval for predicted mean at given value of $x (x_g)$:

$$\hat{y}_{x_g} \pm t_{\alpha/2} s_e \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} + \frac{(x_g - \bar{X})^2}{(n-1)s_x^2}} \quad \text{or} \quad \hat{y}_{x_g} \pm t_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{(s.e.(b_1))^2 (x_g - \bar{X})^2 + \frac{s_e^2}{n}} \quad \text{Degrees of freedom: } v = n - 2$$

SIMPLE & MULTIPLE REGRESSION:

Model: $y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{1i} + \beta_2 x_{2i} + \cdots + \beta_k x_{ki} + \varepsilon_i$

$$SST = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{Y})^2 = SSR + SSE \quad SSR = \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - \bar{Y})^2 \quad SSE = \sum_{i=1}^n e_i^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$s_y^2 = \frac{SST}{n-1} \quad MSE = \frac{SSE}{n-k-1} \quad \text{Root MSE} = \sqrt{\frac{SSE}{n-k-1}} \quad MSR = \frac{SSR}{k}$$

$$R^2 = \frac{SSR}{SST} = 1 - \frac{SSE}{SST} \quad \text{Adj. } R^2 = 1 - \frac{SSE/(n-k-1)}{SST/(n-1)} = \left(R^2 - \frac{k}{n-1} \right) \left(\frac{n-1}{n-k-1} \right)$$

$$\text{Residuals: } e_i = y_i - \hat{y}_i \quad \text{Standard deviation of residuals: } s_e = \sqrt{\frac{SSE}{n-k-1}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (e_i - 0)^2}{n-k-1}}$$

Inference about the overall statistical significance of the regression model:

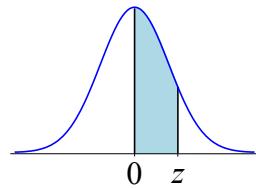
$$F = \frac{R^2/k}{(1-R^2)/(n-k-1)} = \frac{(SST-SSE)/k}{SSE/(n-k-1)} = \frac{SSR/k}{SSE/(n-k-1)} = \frac{MSR}{MSE}$$

Numerator degrees of freedom: $v_1 = k$ **Denominator degrees of freedom:** $v_2 = n - k - 1$

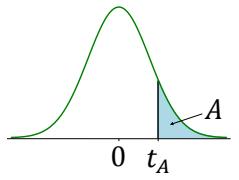
Inference about the population slope for explanatory variable j:

t test statistic: $t = \frac{b_j - \beta_{j0}}{s_{b_j}}$ **CI estimator:** $b_j \pm t_{\alpha/2} s_{b_j}$ **Degrees of freedom:** $v = n - k - 1$

Standard error of slope: $s.e.(b_j) = s_{b_j}$ (for multiple regression, must be obtained from technology)



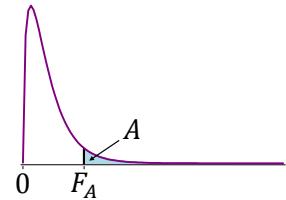
The Standard Normal Distribution:



Critical Values of Student t Distribution:

ν	$t_{0.10}$	$t_{0.05}$	$t_{0.025}$	$t_{0.01}$	$t_{0.005}$	$t_{0.001}$	$t_{0.0005}$	ν	$t_{0.10}$	$t_{0.05}$	$t_{0.025}$	$t_{0.01}$	$t_{0.005}$	$t_{0.001}$	$t_{0.0005}$
1	3.078	6.314	12.71	31.82	63.66	318.3	636.6	38	1.304	1.686	2.024	2.429	2.712	3.319	3.566
2	1.886	2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925	22.33	31.60	39	1.304	1.685	2.023	2.426	2.708	3.313	3.558
3	1.638	2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841	10.21	12.92	40	1.303	1.684	2.021	2.423	2.704	3.307	3.551
4	1.533	2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604	7.173	8.610	41	1.303	1.683	2.020	2.421	2.701	3.301	3.544
5	1.476	2.015	2.571	3.365	4.032	5.893	6.869	42	1.302	1.682	2.018	2.418	2.698	3.296	3.538
6	1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707	5.208	5.959	43	1.302	1.681	2.017	2.416	2.695	3.291	3.532
7	1.415	1.895	2.365	2.998	3.499	4.785	5.408	44	1.301	1.680	2.015	2.414	2.692	3.286	3.526
8	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.896	3.355	4.501	5.041	45	1.301	1.679	2.014	2.412	2.690	3.281	3.520
9	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.821	3.250	4.297	4.781	46	1.300	1.679	2.013	2.410	2.687	3.277	3.515
10	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169	4.144	4.587	47	1.300	1.678	2.012	2.408	2.685	3.273	3.510
11	1.363	1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106	4.025	4.437	48	1.299	1.677	2.011	2.407	2.682	3.269	3.505
12	1.356	1.782	2.179	2.681	3.055	3.930	4.318	49	1.299	1.677	2.010	2.405	2.680	3.265	3.500
13	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.650	3.012	3.852	4.221	50	1.299	1.676	2.009	2.403	2.678	3.261	3.496
14	1.345	1.761	2.145	2.624	2.977	3.787	4.140	51	1.298	1.675	2.008	2.402	2.676	3.258	3.492
15	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.602	2.947	3.733	4.073	52	1.298	1.675	2.007	2.400	2.674	3.255	3.488
16	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921	3.686	4.015	53	1.298	1.674	2.006	2.399	2.672	3.251	3.484
17	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898	3.646	3.965	54	1.297	1.674	2.005	2.397	2.670	3.248	3.480
18	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878	3.610	3.922	55	1.297	1.673	2.004	2.396	2.668	3.245	3.476
19	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.539	2.861	3.579	3.883	60	1.296	1.671	2.000	2.390	2.660	3.232	3.460
20	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845	3.552	3.850	65	1.295	1.669	1.997	2.385	2.654	3.220	3.447
21	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831	3.527	3.819	70	1.294	1.667	1.994	2.381	2.648	3.211	3.435
22	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819	3.505	3.792	75	1.293	1.665	1.992	2.377	2.643	3.202	3.425
23	1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807	3.485	3.768	80	1.292	1.664	1.990	2.374	2.639	3.195	3.416
24	1.318	1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797	3.467	3.745	90	1.291	1.662	1.987	2.368	2.632	3.183	3.402
25	1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787	3.450	3.725	100	1.290	1.660	1.984	2.364	2.626	3.174	3.390
26	1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779	3.435	3.707	120	1.289	1.658	1.980	2.358	2.617	3.160	3.373
27	1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771	3.421	3.690	140	1.288	1.656	1.977	2.353	2.611	3.149	3.361
28	1.313	1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763	3.408	3.674	160	1.287	1.654	1.975	2.350	2.607	3.142	3.352
29	1.311	1.699	2.045	2.462	2.756	3.396	3.659	180	1.286	1.653	1.973	2.347	2.603	3.136	3.345
30	1.310	1.697	2.042	2.457	2.750	3.385	3.646	200	1.286	1.653	1.972	2.345	2.601	3.131	3.340
31	1.309	1.696	2.040	2.453	2.744	3.375	3.633	250	1.285	1.651	1.969	2.341	2.596	3.123	3.330
32	1.309	1.694	2.037	2.449	2.738	3.365	3.622	300	1.284	1.650	1.968	2.339	2.592	3.118	3.323
33	1.308	1.692	2.035	2.445	2.733	3.356	3.611	400	1.284	1.649	1.966	2.336	2.588	3.111	3.315
34	1.307	1.691	2.032	2.441	2.728	3.348	3.601	500	1.283	1.648	1.965	2.334	2.586	3.107	3.310
35	1.306	1.690	2.030	2.438	2.724	3.340	3.591	750	1.283	1.647	1.963	2.331	2.582	3.101	3.304
36	1.306	1.688	2.028	2.434	2.719	3.333	3.582	1000	1.282	1.646	1.962	2.330	2.581	3.098	3.300
37	1.305	1.687	2.026	2.431	2.715	3.326	3.574	∞	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576	3.090	3.291

Degrees of freedom: ν



The F Distribution:

ν_1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	15	20	30	∞
ν_2	Critical Values of F Distribution for $A = 0.10$:															
5	4.06	3.78	3.62	3.52	3.45	3.40	3.37	3.34	3.32	3.30	3.28	3.27	3.24	3.21	3.17	3.10
10	3.29	2.92	2.73	2.61	2.52	2.46	2.41	2.38	2.35	2.32	2.30	2.28	2.24	2.20	2.16	2.06
15	3.07	2.70	2.49	2.36	2.27	2.21	2.16	2.12	2.09	2.06	2.04	2.02	1.97	1.92	1.87	1.76
20	2.97	2.59	2.38	2.25	2.16	2.09	2.04	2.00	1.96	1.94	1.91	1.89	1.84	1.79	1.74	1.61
30	2.88	2.49	2.28	2.14	2.05	1.98	1.93	1.88	1.85	1.82	1.79	1.77	1.72	1.67	1.61	1.46
40	2.84	2.44	2.23	2.09	2.00	1.93	1.87	1.83	1.79	1.76	1.74	1.71	1.66	1.61	1.54	1.38
60	2.79	2.39	2.18	2.04	1.95	1.87	1.82	1.77	1.74	1.71	1.68	1.66	1.60	1.54	1.48	1.29
120	2.75	2.35	2.13	1.99	1.90	1.82	1.77	1.72	1.68	1.65	1.63	1.60	1.55	1.48	1.41	1.19
∞	2.71	2.30	2.08	1.94	1.85	1.77	1.72	1.67	1.63	1.60	1.57	1.55	1.49	1.42	1.34	1.00
ν_2	Critical Values of F Distribution for $A = 0.05$:															
5	6.61	5.79	5.41	5.19	5.05	4.95	4.88	4.82	4.77	4.74	4.70	4.68	4.62	4.56	4.50	4.36
10	4.96	4.10	3.71	3.48	3.33	3.22	3.14	3.07	3.02	2.98	2.94	2.91	2.85	2.77	2.70	2.54
15	4.54	3.68	3.29	3.06	2.90	2.79	2.71	2.64	2.59	2.54	2.51	2.48	2.40	2.33	2.25	2.07
20	4.35	3.49	3.10	2.87	2.71	2.60	2.51	2.45	2.39	2.35	2.31	2.28	2.20	2.12	2.04	1.84
30	4.17	3.32	2.92	2.69	2.53	2.42	2.33	2.27	2.21	2.16	2.13	2.09	2.01	1.93	1.84	1.62
40	4.08	3.23	2.84	2.61	2.45	2.34	2.25	2.18	2.12	2.08	2.04	2.00	1.92	1.84	1.74	1.51
60	4.00	3.15	2.76	2.53	2.37	2.25	2.17	2.10	2.04	1.99	1.95	1.92	1.84	1.75	1.65	1.39
120	3.92	3.07	2.68	2.45	2.29	2.18	2.09	2.02	1.96	1.91	1.87	1.83	1.75	1.66	1.55	1.25
∞	3.84	3.00	2.60	2.37	2.21	2.10	2.01	1.94	1.88	1.83	1.79	1.75	1.67	1.57	1.46	1.00
ν_2	Critical Values of F Distribution for $A = 0.01$:															
5	16.3	13.3	12.1	11.4	11.0	10.7	10.5	10.3	10.2	10.1	9.96	9.89	9.72	9.55	9.38	9.02
10	10.0	7.56	6.55	5.99	5.64	5.39	5.20	5.06	4.94	4.85	4.77	4.71	4.56	4.41	4.25	3.91
15	8.68	6.36	5.42	4.89	4.56	4.32	4.14	4.00	3.89	3.80	3.73	3.67	3.52	3.37	3.21	2.87
20	8.10	5.85	4.94	4.43	4.10	3.87	3.70	3.56	3.46	3.37	3.29	3.23	3.09	2.94	2.78	2.42
30	7.56	5.39	4.51	4.02	3.70	3.47	3.30	3.17	3.07	2.98	2.91	2.84	2.70	2.55	2.39	2.01
40	7.31	5.18	4.31	3.83	3.51	3.29	3.12	2.99	2.89	2.80	2.73	2.66	2.52	2.37	2.20	1.80
60	7.08	4.98	4.13	3.65	3.34	3.12	2.95	2.82	2.72	2.63	2.56	2.50	2.35	2.20	2.03	1.60
120	6.85	4.79	3.95	3.48	3.17	2.96	2.79	2.66	2.56	2.47	2.40	2.34	2.19	2.03	1.86	1.38
∞	6.63	4.61	3.78	3.32	3.02	2.80	2.64	2.51	2.41	2.32	2.25	2.18	2.04	1.88	1.70	1.00
ν_2	Critical Values of F Distribution for $A = 0.001$:															
5	47.2	37.1	33.2	31.1	29.8	28.8	28.2	27.6	27.2	26.9	26.6	26.4	25.9	25.4	24.9	23.8
10	21.0	14.9	12.6	11.3	10.5	9.93	9.52	9.20	8.96	8.75	8.59	8.45	8.13	7.80	7.47	6.76
15	16.6	11.3	9.34	8.25	7.57	7.09	6.74	6.47	6.26	6.08	5.94	5.81	5.54	5.25	4.95	4.31
20	14.8	9.95	8.10	7.10	6.46	6.02	5.69	5.44	5.24	5.08	4.94	4.82	4.56	4.29	4.00	3.38
30	13.3	8.77	7.05	6.12	5.53	5.12	4.82	4.58	4.39	4.24	4.11	4.00	3.75	3.49	3.22	2.59
40	12.6	8.25	6.59	5.70	5.13	4.73	4.44	4.21	4.02	3.87	3.75	3.64	3.40	3.14	2.87	2.23
60	12.0	7.77	6.17	5.31	4.76	4.37	4.09	3.86	3.69	3.54	3.42	3.32	3.08	2.83	2.55	1.89
120	11.4	7.32	5.78	4.95	4.42	4.04	3.77	3.55	3.38	3.24	3.12	3.02	2.78	2.53	2.26	1.54
∞	10.83	6.91	5.42	4.62	4.10	3.74	3.47	3.27	3.10	2.96	2.84	2.74	2.51	2.27	1.99	1.00

Numerator degrees of freedom: ν_1 ; Denominator degrees of freedom: ν_2